Questions for your doctor

Knowing your bad (LDL) cholesterol levels can help you better manage your cholesterol and know when it's time to make a change. Use the chart and questions below to help start the conversation about PRALUENT® (alirocumab) and discuss potential treatment options.

LDL cholesterol numbers and CV risks for adults

LDL-cholesterol level	Risk level
Less than 70 mg/dL	Ideal for patients at very high risk, or with existing heart disease
Less than 100 mg/dL	Ideal for patients at high risk, without heart disease
100-129 mg/dL	Near ideal if there is no heart disease; high if there is heart disease
130-159 mg/dL	Borderline high if there is no heart disease; high if there is heart disease
160-189 mg/dL	High if there is no heart disease; very high if there is heart disease
190 mg/dL and above	Very high

Get the most out of your doctor's appointment:

Print this guide | Bring it to your next doctor's visit | Ask questions and take notes

- How could PRALUENT help lower bad cholesterol?
- Can PRALUENT lower my bad cholesterol if I have familial hypercholesterolemia (FH)?
- How could PRALUENT help reduce the risk of another heart attack or stroke?
- Are diet and lifestyle changes enough to lower my risk of another attack or stroke?

Continued on page 2

What is PRALUENT® (alirocumab)?

PRALUENT is an injectable prescription medicine used:

- to reduce the risk of major adverse cardiovascular (CV) events, such as death from coronary heart disease, heart attack, stroke, or certain types of chest pain conditions (unstable angina) requiring hospitalization, in adults at increased risk for these events.
- along with diet and exercise, to reduce low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) or bad cholesterol in:
  - adults with high blood cholesterol levels called hypercholesterolemia.
  - adults and children aged 8 years and older with a type of high cholesterol called heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH).
  - adults with a type of high cholesterol called homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH).

It is not known if PRALUENT is safe and effective in children who are younger than 8 years of age or in children with other types of high cholesterol (hypercholesterolemia).

Important Safety Information

Do not use PRALUENT if you are allergic to alirocumab or to any of the ingredients in PRALUENT.

Before you start using PRALUENT, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including allergies, and if you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant or if you are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed.

Please see page 2 for additional Important Safety Information for PRALUENT.
Please see Full Prescribing Information available at www.PRALUENT.com.

Praluent® (alirocumab) Injection 75mg/mL 150mg/mL

- Can I take PRALUENT with other medications I'm taking? How does PRALUENT work differently from statins?

- How long will I need to take PRALUENT® (alirocumab)

- What should I do if I miss a dose?

- Are there resources available to get started with PRALUENT, such as a self-injection training video or financial support?

Notes:

Important Safety Information (cont'd)

Tell your healthcare provider or pharmacist about any medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

PRALUENT can cause serious side effects, including allergic reactions that can be severe and require treatment in a hospital. Stop using PRALUENT and call your healthcare provider or go to the nearest hospital emergency room right away if you have any symptoms of an allergic reaction including a severe rash, redness, hives, severe itching, trouble breathing, or swelling of the face, lips, throat, or tongue.

The most common side effects of PRALUENT include: redness, itching, swelling, pain, or tenderness at the injection site; flu; and muscle pain. Tell your healthcare provider if you have any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away.

Talk to your healthcare provider about the right way to prepare and give yourself a PRALUENT injection and follow the "Instructions For Use" that comes with PRALUENT. In children aged 12 to 17 years, it is recommended that PRALUENT be given by or under the supervision of an adult. In children aged 8 to 11 years, PRALUENT should be given by a caregiver.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

Please see Full Prescribing Information available at www.PRALUENT.com.

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Last Update: November 2025

Praluent® (alirocumab) Injection 75mg/mL 150mg/mL